



# OKFUSKEE COUNTY

# **Financial Report**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020



State Auditor & Inspector

#### OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

This publication, issued by the Oklahoma State Auditor and Inspector's Office as authorized by 19 O.S. § 171, has not been printed, but is available on the agency's website (<u>www.sai.ok.gov</u>) and in the Oklahoma Department of Libraries Publications Clearinghouse Digital Prairie Collection (<u>http://digitalprairie.ok.gov/cdm/search/collection/audits/</u>) pursuant to 65 O.S. § 3-114.



# Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

October 4, 2023

#### TO THE CITIZENS OF OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Transmitted herewith is the audit of Okfuskee County, Oklahoma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The audit was conducted in accordance with 19 O.S. § 171.

A report of this type can be critical in nature. Failure to report commendable features in the accounting and operating procedures of the entity should not be interpreted to mean that they do not exist.

The goal of the State Auditor and Inspector is to promote accountability and fiscal integrity in state and local government. Maintaining our independence as we provide this service to the taxpayers of Oklahoma is of utmost importance.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during our engagement.

This report is a public document pursuant to the Oklahoma Open Records Act (51 O.S. § 24A.1 et seq.) and shall be open to any person for inspection and copying.

Sincerely,

Bynd

CINDY BYRD, CPA OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

# **Board of County Commissioners**

District 1 – Danny Wilson District 2 – Terry Wilson District 3 – James Yandell

#### **County Assessor**

Pamela Parish

# **County Clerk**

**Dianne Flanders** 

#### **County Sheriff**

James Rasmussen

#### **County Treasurer**

Lori Coplin

# **Court Clerk**

Sherri Foreman

# **District Attorney**

Max Cook

## OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION



# Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

TO THE OFFICERS OF OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

#### **Report on the Financial Statement**

We have audited the total—all county funds on the accompanying regulatory basis Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Okfuskee County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by Okfuskee County using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Okfuskee County as of June 30, 2020, or changes in financial position for the year then ended.

#### Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the total receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances for all county funds of Okfuskee County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the total of all county funds on the financial statement. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statement.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 30, 2023, on our consideration of Okfuskee County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial report is an integral part

of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Okfuskee County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cindy Byrd

CINDY BYRD, CPA OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

August 30, 2023

**REGULATORY BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENT** 

#### OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Beginning Cash Balances July 1, 2019		Receipts Apportioned		Transfers In		Transfers Out		Disbursements		Ending Cash Balances June 30, 2020	
County Funds:												
County General	\$	285,752	\$	1,059,600	\$	381,542	\$	-	\$	1,137,557	\$	589,337
General Gov't-ST	1	,528,402		615,752		-		637,267		596,747		910,140
County Highway Unrestricted	2	,455,135		2,217,540		-		817,121		2,467,343		1,388,211
Health		227,538		199,218		-		-		177,464		249,292
Resale Property		400,382		153,558		-		-		104,577		449,363
Emergency Management		22,052		66		-		-		6,706		15,412
Sheriff Service Fee		144,922		92,790		-		-		118,070		119,642
County Clerk Lien Fee		156,277		11,233		-		-		11,223		156,287
County Clerk Records Management and Preservation		56,510		27,461		-		-		3,498		80,473
Assessor Revolving Fee		8,945		1,987		-		-		3,552		7,380
Treasurer Mortgage Certification		24,874		1,980		-		-		11,689		15,165
Use Tax-ST		114,558		185,345		-		-		66,756		233,147
911 Phone Fees		396,406		119,991		-		-		92,690		423,707
Drug Court		84,896		82,885		-		-		81,561		86,220
Court Clerk Payroll		3,350		81,124		-		-		81,211		3,263
Sheriff Commissary		25,724		53,980		-		-		40,732		38,972
Rural Economic Action Plan Revolving Fund		-		53,225		-		-		53,225		-
Jail-ST		61,791		638,214		-		-		635,690		64,315
Community Service Sentencing Program		83,154		-		-		-		· -		83,154
Extension-ST		-		82,573		78,374		-		58,790		102,157
Fair-ST		-		29,726		18,268		-		31,210		16,784
Senior Citizens-ST		-		19,818		36,916		-		19,567		37,167
Jail		-		190,221		-		-		108,755		81,466
County Bridge and Road Improvement		-		445,947		817,121		-		616,687		646,381
Courthouse Maintenance-ST		-		39,635		75,216		-		11,417		103,434
Roads and Bridges-ST		-		79,270		-		-		50,118		29,152
Rural Fire-ST		-		19,818		47,162		-		30,813		36,167
Total - All County Funds	\$ 6	,080,668	\$	6,502,957	\$	1,454,599	\$	1,454,388	\$	6,617,648	\$	5,966,188

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Okfuskee County is a subdivision of the State of Oklahoma created by the Oklahoma Constitution and regulated by Oklahoma Statutes.

The accompanying financial statement presents the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of the total of all funds under the control of the primary government. The general fund is the county's general operating fund, accounting for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund, where its use is restricted for a specified purpose. Other funds established by statute and under the control of the primary government are also presented.

The County Treasurer collects and remits material amounts of intergovernmental revenues and ad valorem tax revenue for other budgetary entities, including emergency medical districts, libraries, school districts, and cities and towns. The cash receipts and disbursements attributable to those other entities do not appear in funds on the County's financial statement; those funds play no part in the County's operations. Any trust or agency funds maintained by the County are not included in this presentation.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to report on receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the County converted to a new chart of accounts; therefore, several fund names and descriptions change. However, these changes do not reflect a change in the sources and uses of revenues over the prior fiscal year.

Following are descriptions of the county funds included within the financial statement:

<u>County General</u> – accounts for the general operations of the government.

<u>General Gov't-ST</u> – accounts for collections of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds as restricted by the sales tax ballot.

<u>County Highway Unrestricted</u> – accounts for state, local, and miscellaneous receipts and disbursements are for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county roads and bridges.

 $\underline{\text{Health}}$  – accounts for monies collected on behalf of the county health department from ad valorem taxes and state and local revenues.

<u>Resale Property</u> – accounts for the collection of interest and penalties on delinquent taxes and disposition of sales as restricted by state statute.

<u>Emergency Management</u> – accounts for the collection and disbursement of funds from the state for the Emergency Management Department.

<u>Sheriff Service Fee</u> – accounts for the collection and disbursement of sheriff process service fees as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Clerk Lien Fee</u> – accounts for lien collections and disbursements as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Clerk Records Management and Preservation</u> – accounts for fees collected for instruments filed with the County Clerk as restricted by state statute to be used for preservation of records.

<u>Assessor Revolving Fee</u> – accounts for collection of fees for copies as restricted by state statute.

<u>Treasurer Mortgage Certification</u> – accounts for the collection of fees by the Treasurer for mortgage tax certificates and the disbursement as restricted by state statute.

<u>Use Tax-ST</u> – accounts for revenues from sales tax charged to out-of-county vendors on incounty sales. Disbursements are for any legal expenses of the County.

<u>911 Phone Fees</u> – accounts for monies received from private telephone companies for the operations of emergency 911 services on landlines.

<u>Drug Court</u> – accounts for collections from state funding and disbursements are for adult drug court processes.

<u>Court Clerk Payroll</u> – accounts for payroll for the office of the Court Clerk.

<u>Sheriff Commissary</u> – accounts for the collection of the sale of items to inmates and disbursements to purchase commissary goods from the vendor. Excess funds are used for maintenance and operations of the Sheriff's department.

<u>Rural Economic Action Plan Revolving Fund</u> – accounts for revenues from a Rural Economic Action Plan Grant provided for the upkeep of county buildings.

<u>Jail-ST</u> – accounts for monies collected from the three-quarter of one cent (0.75%) of one cent sales tax and disbursements are for the site acquisition, design, construction, financing, furnishing, capital facilities and improvements, equipment fixtures, site preparation, street improvements, and continuing maintenance and operation expenses for a new Okfuskee County Detention Facility.

<u>Community Service Sentencing Program</u> – accounts for the collection of funding through the State Department of Correction for administrative expenses and supervision of offenders.

 $\underline{\text{Extension-ST}}$  – accounts for collections of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds, as restricted by the sales tax ballot for OSU Extension office.

 $\underline{Fair-ST}$  – accounts for collections of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds, as restricted by the sales tax ballot for County Free Fair.

<u>Senior Citizens-ST</u> – accounts for collections of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds, as restricted by the sales tax ballot for Senior Citizens.

<u>Jail</u> – accounts for collections and disbursement of monies for maintenance and operation expenses for the Okfuskee County Detention Facility.

<u>County Bridge and Road Improvement</u> – accounts for revenues from the Oklahoma Department of Transportation and disbursement of funds are earmarked for bridges, roads, and certain improvements to roads.

<u>Courthouse Maintenance-ST</u> – accounts for collections of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds, as restricted by the sales tax ballot for the county courthouse.

<u>Roads and Bridges-ST</u> – accounts for collections of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds, as restricted by the sales tax ballot for highway special projects.

<u>Rural Fire-ST</u> – accounts for collections of sales tax revenue and the disbursement of funds, as restricted by the sales tax ballot for the rural fire departments.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is prepared on a basis of accounting wherein amounts are recognized when received or disbursed. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred. This regulatory basis financial presentation is not a comprehensive measure of economic condition or changes therein.

Title 19 O.S. § 171 allows Oklahoma counties to present their financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) or on a regulatory basis. The County has elected to present their financial statement on a regulatory basis in conformity with Title 19 O.S. § 171, which specifies the format and presentation of such regulatory basis financial statements: county governments (primary only) are required to present their financial statements on a fund basis format with, at a minimum, the general fund and all other county funds, which represent ten percent or greater of total county revenue with all other funds

included in the audit presented in the aggregate in a combining statement. However, the County has elected to present all funds included in the audit in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances—Regulatory Basis.

#### D. <u>Budget</u>

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a general fund and a county health department fund are the only funds required to adopt a formal budget. On or before the first Monday in July of each year, each officer or department head submits an estimate of needs to the governing body. The budget is approved for the respective fund by office, or department and object. The County Board of Commissioners may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by office or department and object. To increase or decrease the budget by fund requires approval by the County Excise Board.

#### E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of financial reporting, "Ending Cash Balances, June 30" includes cash and cash equivalents and investments as allowed by statutes. The County pools the cash of its various funds in maintaining its bank accounts. However, cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable on the County's books. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

State statutes require financial institutions with which the County maintains funds to deposit collateral securities to secure the County's deposits. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged is established by the County Treasurer; this amount must be at least the amount of the deposit to be secured, less the amount insured (by, for example, the FDIC).

The County Treasurer has been authorized by the County's governing board to make investments. Allowable investments are outlined in statutes 62 O.S. § 348.1 and § 348.3.

All investments must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, the Oklahoma State Government, fully collateralized, or fully insured. All investments as classified by state statute are nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk or credit risk.

#### 2. Ad Valorem Tax

The County's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the County, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board. Title 68 O.S. § 2820.A. states, ". . . Each assessor shall thereafter maintain an active and systematic program of visual inspection on a continuous basis and shall establish an inspection schedule which will result

in the individual visual inspection of all taxable property within the county at least once each four (4) years."

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. The County Treasurer, according to the law, shall give notice of delinquent taxes and special assessments by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks at any time after April 1, but prior to the end of September following the year the taxes were first due and payable. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property after the treasurer has perfected the lien by public notice.

Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are usually published in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

#### **3.** Other Information

#### A. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The County contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Benefit provisions are established and amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Title 74, Sections 901 through 943, as amended, establishes the provisions of the Plan. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing OPERS, P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. The contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature and are based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of contribution rates.

#### B. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in the Pension Plan note, OPERS provides postretirement health care benefits of up to \$105 each for retirees who are members of an eligible group plan. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the overall retirement benefit. OPEB expenditure and participant information is available for the state as a whole; however, information specific to the County is not available nor can it be reasonably estimated.

#### C. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts

already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; however, the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of the end of the fiscal year, there were no claims or judgments that would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County; however, the outcome of any lawsuit would not be determinable.

#### D. Sales Tax

#### Sales Tax of February 9, 1993

The voters of Okfuskee County approved a one and one-quarter percent (1.25%) sales tax that went into effect January 1, 1994. This sales tax is unlimited in duration and was established to provide revenue for the County and used for the following seven specific areas and percentages: General Government 59%, OSU Extension Office 12.5%, County Roads 12%, Maintenance and Repair-Okfuskee County Courthouse 6%, Okfuskee County Free Fair Board 4.5%, Senior Citizens Organizations 3% (distributed equally to four sites), and Rural Fire Departments 3% (distributed equally to seven departments).

These funds are accounted for in the following funds: General Gov't-ST, Extension-ST, Fair-ST, Senior Citizens-ST, Courthouse Maintenance-ST, Road and Bridges-ST, and Rural Fire-ST.

#### Sales Tax of August 23, 2016

The voters of Okfuskee County approved a three-fourths (.75%) of one cent sales tax that went into effect on January 1, 2017. This sales tax was established to provide revenue for site acquisition, design, construction, financing, furnishing, capital facilities and improvements, equipment, fixtures, site preparation, street improvements, and continuing maintenance and operation expenses for a new Okfuskee County Detention Facility to be located in Okfuskee County, Oklahoma; three-eights (3/8) of one cent to terminate at twenty (20) years from the effective date of the sales tax or at the date of retirement of any debt incurred related thereto, whichever occurs earlier; provided further that three-eights (3/8) of one cent shall remain in effect indefinitely to be used for operation and maintenance of the new detention facility and shall remain outstanding until lawfully repealed.

These funds are accounted for in the Jail-ST fund.

#### E. Interfund Transfers

During the fiscal year, the County made the following transfers between cash funds:

• \$211 was transferred from the Estray Animal fund (a Trust & Agency fund) to the County General fund in accordance with 4 O.S. § 85.6(D).

- To establish a uniform system of bookkeeping in accordance with 74 O.S. § 214, a total of \$637,267 was transferred from County Gov't-ST fund to the following funds:
  - \$381,331 to County General
  - \$78,374 to Extension-ST
  - \$36,916 to Senior Citizens-ST
  - o \$18,268 to Fair-ST
  - o \$75,216 Courthouse Maintenance-ST
  - o \$47,162 to Rural Fire-ST
- \$817,121 was transferred from County Highway Unrestricted fund to the County Bridge and Road Improvement fund to establish a uniform system of bookkeeping in accordance with 74 O.S. § 214.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL— BUDGETARY BASIS—GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund							
		Budget		Actual	Variance			
County Sheriff	\$	682,243	\$	678,296	\$	3,947		
County Treasurer		78,736		77,709		1,027		
County Commissioners		68,817		39,127		29,690		
Court Clerk		76,736		76,736		-		
County Assessor		91,224		91,132		92		
Revaluation of Real Property		104,599		104,196		403		
Excise - Equalization Board		3,700		3,264		436		
County Election Expense		68,037		65,604		2,433		
County Purchasing Agent		3,500		3,483		17		
Charity		1,500		60		1,440		
General Sales Tax		381,331		4,550		376,781		
County Audit Budget Account		14,008		-		14,008		
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$	1,574,431	\$	1,144,157	\$	430,274		

#### OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL— BUDGETARY BASIS—HEALTH FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Health Fund							
		Budget		Actual	Variance				
Health and Welfare	\$	361,178	\$	172,977	\$	188,201			
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$	361,178	\$	172,977	\$	188,201			

#### **1. Budgetary Schedules**

The Comparative Schedules of Expenditures—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis for the General Fund and the Health Fund presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances because of adopting certain aspects of the budgetary basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances and outstanding warrants to their related budget year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in these funds. At the end of the year unencumbered appropriations lapse.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION



# Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

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#### Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

#### TO THE OFFICERS OF OKFUSKEE COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the total—all county funds of the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Okfuskee County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise Okfuskee County's basic financial statement, prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2023.

Our report included an adverse opinion on the financial statement because the statement is prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, our report also included our opinion that the financial statement does present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances – regulatory basis of the County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, on the basis of accounting prescribed by Oklahoma state law, described in Note 1.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered Okfuskee County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Okfuskee County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Okfuskee County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Okfuskee County's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters regarding statutory compliance that we reported to the management of Okfuskee County, which are included in Section 2 of the schedule of findings and responses contained in this report.

#### **Okfuskee County's Response to Findings**

Okfuskee County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Okfuskee County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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CINDY BYRD, CPA OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

August 30, 2023

SECTION 1—Findings related to the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

No findings noted.

SECTION 2—This section contains certain matters not required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we believe these matters are significant enough to bring to management's attention. We recommend that management consider these matters and take appropriate corrective action.

# Finding 2020-006 - Lack of Internal Controls and Noncompliance Over the Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account and Sheriff Commissary Fund (Repeat Finding)

**Condition:** Regarding the Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account and Sheriff Commissary Fund, the following was noted:

- The county does not have an adequate segregation of duties to ensure that duties assigned to individuals are done so in a manner that would not allow one individual to control both the recording function and the procedures relative to processing a transaction.
- Deposits are not made daily.
- An annual report for the Sheriff Commissary Fund was filed with the Board of County Commissioners by January 15<sup>th</sup>, however the balance did not reconcile to the County Treasurer.
- There is no policy or procedure regarding unclaimed funds.

**Cause of Condition:** Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented regarding the Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account and Sheriff Commissary Fund.

**Effect of Condition:** These conditions resulted in noncompliance with state statutes. Also, without proper accounting and safeguarding of the Inmate Trust Fund Checking Account, there is an increased risk of misappropriation of funds.

Recommendation: The Oklahoma State Auditor & Inspector's Office (OSAI) recommends the following:

- Key duties and responsibilities should be segregated among different individuals to reduce the risk of error or fraud. No one individual should have the ability to authorize transactions, have physical custody of assets, and record transactions.
- All collections should be deposited daily.
- An annual report for the Sheriff Commissary Fund should be filed with the Board of County Commissioners by January 15th, of the fiscal year and reconciled to the County Treasurer.
- Unclaimed inmate monies should follow unclaimed property in accordance with state statute.

#### Management Response:

**County Sheriff:** The secure cash receptacles used to receive and automatically count funds for the inmate trust (Booking Desk and Lobby) are two-person control. They require two separate keys used simultaneously to unlock. One key is maintained by a jail supervisor and the other is kept by the Undersheriff. The cash is withdrawn and counted by this two-person team. The deposit slip is completed by one person but is witnessed by the second person. This procedure has been in place since July 2020. One person may print the checks, but two persons (signatories of the Trust Account) must endorse the check.

The proceeds from the commissary/telephone/medical/etc. are withdrawn from the Inmate Trust and deposited in the Sheriff's Commissary Account monthly. It has been late on occasion due to key staff absences and turnover.

After assistance/education by the auditor, a revised annual commissary report was filed on 2 Aug 21. The balance on the report did reconcile with the treasurer.

The procedure for handling unclaimed funds that will be followed is clearly defined in Title 22, Section 1325 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

**Criteria:** The United States Government Accountability Office's *Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government* (2014 version) aided in guiding our assessments and conclusion. Although this publication (GAO Standards) addresses controls in the federal government, this criterion can be treated as best practices and may be applied as a framework for an internal control system for state, local, and quasi-governmental entities.

The GAO Standards – Principle 10 – Design Control Activities – 10.03 states in part:

#### Segregation of Duties

Management divides or segregates key duties and responsibilities among different people to reduce the risk of error, misuse, or fraud. This includes separating the responsibilities for authorizing transaction, processing and recording them, reviewing the transactions, and handling any related assets so that no one individual controls all key aspects of a transaction or event.

The GAO Standards – Principle 10 – Segregation of Duties states:

10.12 – Management considers segregation of duties in designing control activity responsibilities so that incompatible duties are segregated and, where such segregation is not practical, designs alternative control activities to address the risk.

10.13 – Segregation of duties helps prevent fraud, waste, and abuse in the internal control system. Management considers the need to separate control activities related to authority, custody, and accounting of operations to achieve adequate segregation of duties. In particular, segregation of duties can address the risk of management override. Management override circumvents existing control activities and increases fraud risk. Management

addresses this risk through segregation of duties but cannot absolutely prevent it because of the risk of collusion, where two or more employees act together to commit fraud.

10.14 – If segregation of duties is not practical within an operational process because of limited personnel or other factors, management designs alternative control activities to address the risk of fraud, waste, or abuse in the operational process.

The GAO Standards – Principle 16 – Perform Monitoring Activities – 16.05 states:

#### Internal Control System Monitoring

Management performs ongoing monitoring of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal control system as part of the normal course of operations. Ongoing Monitoring includes regular management and supervisory activities, comparisons, reconciliations, and other routine actions. Ongoing monitoring may include automated tools, which can increase objectivity and efficiency by electronically compiling evaluations of controls and transactions.

- Title 19 O.S. § 180.43 (D). states in part, "The sheriff shall file an annual report on any said commissary under his or her operation no later than January 15 of each year."
- Title 19 O.S. § 531(A) states in part, "The county sheriff shall deposit all monies collected from inmates incarcerated in the county jail into this checking account and may write checks to the Sheriff's Commissary Account for purchases made by the inmate during his or her incarceration and to the inmate from unencumbered balances due the inmate upon his or her discharge."
- Title 22 O.S. § 1325(F, H) prescribes the procedures for handling unclaimed property.





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